

22 JUNE 1978

NAVAL EDUCATION AND TRAINING CENTER
NEWPORT, RHODE ISLAND



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PROGRAM

MUSIC

Music by Northeastern Navy Band

*ARRIVAL OF OFFICIAL PARTY

Ruffles and Flourishes Admiral's March

*NATIONAL ANTHEM

*INVOCATION

Captain Ross H. Trower, CHC, U. S. Navy

REMARKS

Admiral Stansfield Turner, U. S. Navy Director, Central Intelligence Agency

AWARDS

CHANGE OF COMMAND CEREMONY

Remarks by Captain Kay Reading of Orders by Captain Kay Reading of Orders by Captain Whelan Change of Command Remarks by Captain Whelan

*BENEDICTION

Captain Hébert W. Bolles, CHC, U. S. Navy

*DEPARTURE OF THE OFFICIAL PARTY

Music by Northeastern Navy Band

*Guests please stand

Refreshments in the rear of the building following the ceremony

THE NAVAL EDUCATION AND TRAINING CENTER

The Naval Education and Training Center (NETC), one of the newest naval commands in Newport, observed its fourth birthday last April 1. It is an amalgam of five former shore commands, most of which dated back many years—the Naval Base staff, Naval Station, Public Works Center, Naval Supply Center, and the Naval Officer Training Center.

With 858 acres, along with some 240 buildings, NETC also is the largest local command in both geographical size and people (about 2,500 military staff, civilians, and students). Its payroll for the last calendar year totaled about \$30 million. The command has the unique dual mission of providing training (through its seven schools) and logistic support for the entire Newport naval complex, which includes 30 other commands and activities.

In its training role, NETC provides initial, or accession, training for almost 40 per cent of all officers entering the naval service each year -- more than the combined graduating classes of the Naval Academy and all NROTC units in colleges and universities throughout the country. Besides being the Navy's largest single point for officer accession, NETC provides training for, among others, midshipmen candidates, foreign officers and officer candidates, communications officers, and chaplains. Its schools include Officer Candidate School, Officer Indoctrination School, Naval Academy Preparatory School, Chaplains School, Communications School, Instructor Training School, and the International Officer Candidate School. Each school has a director, and all function under the jurisdiction of the Director for Training.

In its logistical role, the command provides a variety of services for the entire Newport naval complex, and acts as "landlord" for many of the local commands and activities. These services are provided in three functional areas by the public works, comptroller/supply, and administration departments. Also included in the NETC organization is the Consolidated Civilian Personnel Office, which furnishes civilian personnel support to all Newport commands and activities except the Naval Underwater Systems Center. Other support functions include, among others, Special Service and recreation programs, operating a fleet liaison office, maintaining modern enlisted and bachelor officers quarters, running various types of clubs and galleys, providing police, fire security, and public works services, and operating almost 1,500 units of family housing units.

During the past four years, the average daily number of students at NETC schools has increased by 50 per cent. Last summer, the daily student count peaked at 1,552 -- highest in its history. Some 10,000 officers and prospective officers attend NETC and other Newport Navy schools annually, making it the largest officer training and education complex in the Navy.

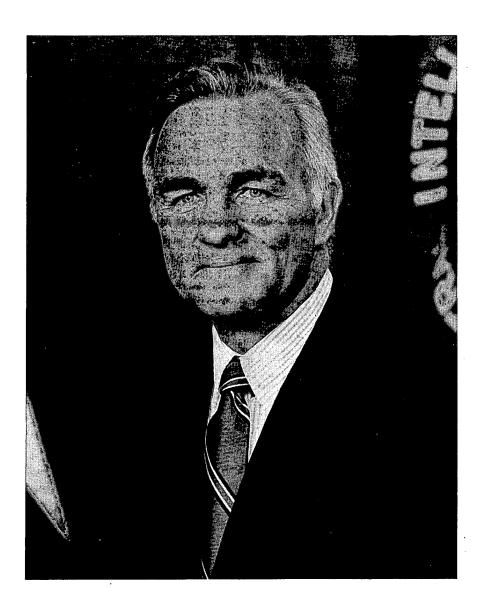
Since it was born, NETC has distinguished itself on a number of diverse fronts. In its first year, the command won a coveted Public Relations Society of America "Silver Anvil Award" for excellence in community relations. OCS, the first Department of Defense Officer accession school to go co-ed, has graduated two female regimental commanders and the first female aviator designees.

NETC's Chief Petty Officers Club was voted the best of its kind in the Navy during 1975. And in both 1976 and 1977, NETC's food service operation finished second in the Navy-wide Ney Award competition to determine the best such service in the Navy.

The 25th Anniversary of OCS was observed in ceremonies in 1976, a year which also saw the graduation of the first females from the Naval Academy Preparatory School, opening the doors for the admission of women to the Naval Academy. During the nation's Bicentennial Year, NETC also provided major logistical support for the Tall Ships visit to Newport, as well as for an historic stay here by Queen Elizabeth and Prince Philip aboard the Royal Yacht, Britannia. Among other prominent guests at the state dinner onboard the yacht, berthed at NETC's Pier 1, were President and Mrs. Ford, Vice President and Mrs. Rockefeller, and Secretary of State Henry Kissinger.

Last year, NETC finished third in the National "Keep America Beautiful" competition as a result of its base beautification program. And during the summer of 1977, NETC provided major logistical services for 42 U.S. Coast Guard ships and craft, (with crews and staff totaling about 700) engaged in policing the America's Cup Races.

Despite the departure of the fleet, NETC is home for six naval reserve ships. The Center also provides services for some 70 to 75 visiting ships annually.



ADMIRAL STANSFIELD TURNER

_ Approved For Release 2009/08/11 : CIA-RDP05S00620R000601460030-2

BIOGRAPHY

Admiral Stansfield Turner, USN, was sworn in as Director of Central Intelligence on March 9, 1977. In this position he heads the Intelligence Community (the foreign intelligence agencies of the United States) as well as directs the Central Intelligence Agency.

A native of Highland Park, II., Admiral Turner entered Amherst College in 1941 and, two years later, was appointed to the U. S. Naval Academy at Annapolis, Md. After graduation in 1946 (Class of 1947), he served one year at sea before entering Oxford University as a Rhodes Scholar for work on a master's degree in Philosophy, Politics and Economics.

Following Oxford, he held a variety of sea assignments, including command of a minesweeper, a destroyer, and a guided missile frigate he placed in commission. His shore assignments included the Politico-Military Policy Division in the Office of the Chief of Naval Operations, the Office of the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Systems Analysis, the Advanced Management Program at the Harvard Business School, and Executive Assistant and Naval Aide to the Secretary of the Navy.

He was selected for promotion to Rear Admiral in May, 1970, and shortly thereafter assumed command of a Carrier Task Group of the Sixth Fleet while serving aboard the aircraft carrier USS Independence. After that, he directed the Systems Analysis Division of the Office of the Chief of Naval Operations.

On June 30, 1972, Admiral Turner became the 36th President of the Naval War College at Newport, R. I., with the rank of Vice Admiral. During his two-year tenure there, he instituted major revisions in the curriculum to strengthen its academic content.

In August, 1974, he became commander of the U. S. Second Fleet and NATO Striking Fleet Atlantic. He served in that capacity until August, 1975, when he was named Commander in Chief, Allied Forces Southern Europe (AF-SOUTH), with headquarters in Naples, Italy. Upon assuming that position on Sept. 1, 1975, he was promoted to the rank of Admiral. He held this command until his departure on March 2, 1977 to assume his present duties.

Admiral Turner and his wife, Patricia, have two married children.



CAPTAIN HOWARD N. KAY

BIOGRAPHY

Captain Howard N. Kay, a native of Milwaukee, Wisc., became the first Commander of the Naval Education and Training Center, Newport, upon the establishment of the command on April 1, 1974. Prior to that time he served as Commander of the Naval Officer Training Center, Newport (one of the commands combined to form NETC) from July 22, 1973.

A graduate of the U. S. Naval Academy, Class of 1948, his first three Navy tours after commissioning were with the Naval Ordinance Laboratory, White Oak, Maryland; Amphibious Training Command, Atlantic, and Naval Forces, Far East in Tokyo.

He served as Operations Officer of the destroyer USS George K. Mac-Kenzie, homeported at San Diego. Later he assumed command of USS PC 1254, berthed at Seattle, Wash. At the completion of this tour, he became Commander, Mine Division 111 in Sasebo, Japan. In 1956, Captain Kay reported to Service Schools Command, Great Lakes, Ill., where he served as Assistant Officer-in-Charge of the Navy's Journalist School. In 1957, he went to Massawa, Ethiopia, where he served as Officer-in-Charge of a Mobile Training Unit attached to the Ethiopian Navy.

From Ethiopia, Captain Kay proceeded to command the ocean minesweeper, USS Esteem, homeported in Long Beach. In 1959, he assumed command of the Navy and Marine Corps Reserve Training Center in Madison, Wisc. Later he served as Executive Officer and Commanding Officer of the destroyer, USS Johnston and Commanding Officer of the radar escort destroyer, USS Wilhoite, homeported at Pearl Harbor.

In 1965, he assumed the position as Head, Civil, Military Affairs Section, Southeast Asia, on the plans staff of the Commander in Chief, Pacific. This tour was followed by command of the destroyer, USS Carpenter, also homeported at Pearl Harbor.

Prior to reporting to the Naval Officer Training Center, he served with the Joint Chiefs of Staff as head of the South Asia/MAP Branch of the Plans and Policy Directorate.

Captain Kay is authorized to wear the Legion of Merit, Meritorious Service Medal, Navy Commendation Medal, and the Navy Meritorious Unit Commendation, as well as numerous campaign ribbons. He is married to the former Liliana E. Bicciato of Padua, Italy. The Kays have two daughters, Sarah and Susan.



CAPTAIN EDWARD C. WHELAN, JR.

BIOGRAPHY

A native of Nebraska and a graduate of Creighton University, Captain Edward C. Whelan, Jr., was commissioned with Class No. Two, Officer Candidate School, Newport in November 1951.

During his first sea tour in USS MONTAGUE (AKA 98) he saw duty in the Korean Conflict and the 1954 evacuation of North Vietnam. Subsequent sea duty included Gunnery Officer in USS MADDOX (DD 731), Chief Staff Officer for Commander Escort Squadron Three, and Executive Officer of USS BENNER (DD 807), all in the Pacific. He commanded USS RICH (DD 820) during operations in the Atlantic and with the U. S. Seventh Fleet off Vietnam, and served as Surface Operations Officer for Commander Carrier Division Six in the Caribbean and in the Mediterranean during the 1970 Jordanian Crisis. Most recently Captain Whelan commanded Destroyer Squadron TWENTY-EIGHT in the U. S. Atlantic Fleet.

In addition to completing various technical schools, he attended post-graduate school, graduating from the Defense Intelligence School in 1964. He is a 1967 graduate of a senior service college, the Army War College at Carlisle Barracks, Pennsylvannia.

Captain Whelan has served five tours in the Pentagon: 1958-60 as Head, Shore Command Organization Branch; 1964-66 as Head, Surface Warfare Intelligence Section; 1971-72 mid-range plans officer and later Head, Strategic Concepts Section; 1972-73 Head, Command Matters Section; 1973-75 in the Office of the Secretary of Defense as Assistant for Pacific Islands. In the latter billet he also served as the Defense Representative for the Micronesian/Marianas status negotiations and as a DOD representative on the Inter Agency Task Force for the evacuation of Indo China. He assumed his current post as Chief Staff Officer, NETC in January 1978.

His decorations include the Bronze Star with Combat "V", Meritorious Service Medal, Joint Service Commendation Medal, Navy Commendation Medal, Navy Achievement Medal, two Meritorious Unit Citations, the Vietnamese Presidential Unit Citation and the Korean Presidential Unit Citation.

Captain Whelan is married to the former Johnnie Reynolds of Omaha, Nebraska. They have two children, Diane (11) and Edward, III (8).